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Roll No. of candidate						

#### 2021

# B.Pharm. 1st Semester (Regular) Examination

### B.Pharm.

### HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - I (Theory)

(New Regulation w.e.f. 2017 - 18)

Full Marks - 75

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any six from the rest.

1.	Answer	all	the	questions	:
	4			The second secon	

 $(20 \times 1 = 20)$ 

- (i) Anatomy deals with the
  - (a) Body structures and the relationship among them
  - (b) Structure of the body in disease state
  - (c) Functions of the body parts
  - (d) Cell and their functions
- (ii) The breaking down of complex substances in to smaller and simpler components is called as:
  - (a) Metabolism

(b) Anabolism

(c) Catabolism

- (d) None of the above
- (iii) The maintenance of nearly constant conditions in the internal environment of the body is known as:
  - (a) Homeostasis

(b) Hemodialysis

(c) Hemostasis

- (d) Hemocyte
- (iv) Which directional term is used to mean 'toward the head or the upper part of the body'?
  - (a) Inferior

(b) Anterior

(c) Superior

(d) Posterior

	(v)	Axil	la is the scientific term used for	r.					
		(a)	Nose	(b)	Chest				
2		(c)	Neck	(d)	Armpit				
	(vi)	Which of the following is not a cellular organelle?							
	1	(a)	Endoplasmic reticulum						
		(b)	Cytosol						
		(c)	Ribosome						
		(d)	Mitochondria						
	(vii)	Som	atic cell division consists of						
		(a)	Mitosis and Meiosis						
		(b)	Meiosis and Cytokinesis						
24	III 801	(c)	Mitosis and Cytokinesis						
		(d)	Only Mitosis						
	(viii)	Sele	ct the one which does not fall	under	a feedback system				
P		(a)	Receptor						
		(b)	Control centre						
		(c)	Effector						
		(d)	Initiator	g sa					
	(ix)	0.9	% NaCI solution is						
		(a)	Isotonic to blood	(b)	Hypertonic to blood				
		(c)	Hypotonic to blood	(d)	None of the above				
	(x)	Hur	nan somatic cells have how ma	ny ni	umbers of chromosomes?				
	A PART I	(a)	42	(b)	23				
		(c)	44	(d)	46				
	(xi)	The	lymphatic system consists of t	he fol	lowing except:				
		(a)	Lymph	(b)	Lymph nodes				
		(c)	Lymphatic vessels	(d)	Blood				
	(xii)	Whi	ch of the following blood cells p	olay a	n important role in blood clotting				
		(a)	Thrombocytes	(b)	Neutrophils				
		(c)	Leucocytes	(d)	Erythrocytes				
	(xiii)	Ser	um differs from blood as it lack	S					
		(a)	Antibodies	(b)	Clotting factors				
		(c)	Albumins	(d)	Globulins				

(xiv	) Tas	te receptors are called						
	(a)	Gustatory receptors	(b)	Taste pores				
	(c)	Olfactory receptors	(d)	Taste buds				
(xv)	The	clear jellylike substance b	ehind the	e lens of the eye is the				
	(a)	Vitreous humor	(b)	Cellular body				
	(c)	Ciliary body	(d)	Aqueous humor				
(xvi	) Wh	ich of the following bones o	f the sku	ll is movable?				
	(a)	Nasal bone	(b)	Temporal bone				
	(c)	Maxilla	(d)	Mandible				
(xvi		eletal muscle bundles are er known as:	held toge	ther by a common connectiv	ve tissue			
	(a)	Fascia	(b)	Perimysium				
	(c)	Aponeurosis	(d)	Endomysium				
(xvi	ii)Ha	versian canals occur in —						
Y To:	(a)	Humerus	(b)	Scapula				
	(c)	Pubis	(d)	Clavicle				
(xix		he peripheral nervous syst in are called	em, the n	erves that arise from spinal	cord and			
	(a)	Frontal nerves	(b)	Temporal nerves				
	(c)	Cranial nerves	(d)	Spinal nerves				
(xx)	Wh	ich layer is not part of the	Integume	ntary system?				
	(a)	All are part of the Integu	mentary	System				
8	(b)	Epidermis						
	(c)	Dermis						
	(d)	Hypodermis						
Ans	wer a	any seven questions:		(7)	× 5 = 35)			
(a)	Wh	at are cell junctions? Discu	ss the dif	ferent types of cell junction.	(1+4)			
(b)	Discuss the different forms of intracellular signaling. (5)							
(c)	Brie	Briefly discuss the cell cycle. (5)						
(d)	Classify peripheral nervous system. Mention the differences between sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. (2+3)							
(e)	Des	Describe the structure of heart with a suitable diagram. (4+1)						
(f)	Disc	Discuss the differences between axial and appendicular skeleton. (5)						

2.

(g) What is lymph? Write a note on the composition and function of lymph. (1+2+2)Discuss the mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction. (h) (5)Discuss the anatomy of skin with a suitable diagram. Mention two (i) important functions of skin. (3+2) $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 3. Answer any two questions: (a) Describe briefly the fluid mosaic model with a suitable diagram. Discuss elaborately different transport processes across the cell membrane. (4+1+5) Define and classify tissue. Discuss the structure, location and functions of (b) epithelial tissue. (1+2+3+1+3)Discuss the composition and functions of blood. (i) (3+1)(c) (ii) Write a note on blood grouping. (2)(iii) Discuss the mechanisms of coagulation. (4)