Date :- 06.01.2023

Total No. of printed pages = 4

BP 505T

Roll No. of candidate | | | | | | | | | | |

2022

B.Pharm. 5th Semester End-Term Examination

Pharmacy

PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE

(New Regulation)

Full Marks – 75 Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following (20 × 1 = 20)

(i) The application to import drug as a part of bonafide luggage is made to the licensing authority in

(a) Form 12A (b) Form 12B

(c) Form 12 (d) Form 26

(ii) Which of the following is a magic remedy

(a) Talisma (b) Mantra

(c) Kavacha (d) All the above

(iii) The list of drugs which are exempted from the provisions of import is dealt in

(a) Schedule K (b) Schedule D

(c) Schedule P (d) Schedule Y

(iv) Who among the following is not a Pharmacy Council of India

(a) The Director General of Health Service, India

(b) The Drug Controller of India

(c) The Director, Central Drug Laboratory

(d) The Director, Central Research Institute

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(v) The prevention of cruelty to animals act was enacted in the year

(a) 1948 (b) 1970

(c) 1960 (d) 1955

(vi) The hospital or place for the termination of pregnancy is approved by

(a) Medical Council of India

(b) Drug Inspector of the District

(c) Chief Medical Officer of the District

(d) None of the above

(vii) As per Drugs and Cosmetics Act, Schedule FF deals with

(a) Parenteral Preparation (b) Ointment formulation

(c) Skin Cosmetic preparation (d) Ophthalmic preparation

(viii) Which of the following class of drugs is prohibited to be imported

(a) Drugs containing alcohols (b) Schedule X drugs

(c) Spurious drugs (d) Misbranded Drugs

(ix) Patent Act was enacted in the year

(a) 1960 (b) 1955

(c) 1970 (d) 1980

(x) DTAB has how many ex-officio members

(a) Five (b) Six

(c) Four (d) Eight

(xi) Schedule ———— of the Drugs and cosmetics Act includes requirements and guidelines on clinical trials for import and manufacture of new drugs

(a) Schedule X (b) Schedule Y

(c) Schedule C (d) Schedule M

(xii) Drug and Magic remedies act was enacted in the year

(a) 1954 (b) 1964

(c) 1948 (d) 1978

(xiii) NDPS Act provides Licencing system to regulate ———— of Narcotic and psychotropic substances:

(a) Manufacturing (b) Transportation

(c) Cultivation (d) All the above

(xiv) What does ED stands for in Retail price calculation

(a) Extra Duty (b) Extreme demand

(c) Excise Duty (d) Exempted duty

(xv) Exempted advertisement includes those:

(a) Advertisements that directly or indirectly give false impression regarding the true nature of drugs

(b) Advertisement relating to a drug which is sent confidentially in a prescribed manner to registered medical practitioner

(c) Advertisements using misleading images

(d) All the above

(xvi) The Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic substances Consultative Committee has a maximum of ———— members

(a) 10 (b) 12

(c) 15 (d) 20

(xvii) For bonded and non-bonded laboratories, License is issued by

(a) Office of the Central Research Laboratory

(b) Office of the Excise Commissioner of the state

(c) Office of the Drug Controller of India

(d) Office of the Drug Controller of the state

(xviii) Head office of CPCSEA is situated in

(a) Kolkata (b) Mumbai

(c) New Delhi (d) Vizag

(xix) Select the correct statement from the following about Bonded Laboratories:

(a) There should be only one entrance to the laboratory and only one doo for each of its compartments.

(b) License for manufacturing of preparations containing alcohol or other narcotic substance should be obtained from the excise commissioner of the concerned state

(c) The consignment of the spirit upon arrival has to be verified in volume and strength by the Excise officer

(d) All the above

(xx) Right to information Act was passed on:

(a) 12th June 2004 (b) 14th Sep 2004

(c) 12th July 2005 (d) 15th June 2005

2. Answer the following question (Any Seven): (5 × 7 = 35)

(a) Explain the term "Manufacture in Bond". Outline the procedures for manufacturing in a bonded laboratory.

(b) Write the objectives oaf NDPS Act, 1985, Discuss briefly the offences and penalities of the NDPS Act.

(c) When was the Pharmacy ACt enacted? Detailed? Detail out abot the constitution of the PCI.

(d) What is the objectives of Pharmaceutical Legislation? Write a note on the Hathi committee.

(e) State the importance features of the Right to Information Act. Detail out the role of the public information officers according to this act.

(f) Define Prohibited advertisement and exempted advertisement. Give suitable examples of those advertisements that comes under these tow classes respectively.

(g) Write a short note on intellectual property rights.

(h) Enlist the main objectives of the Medical termination of pregnancy act. What are the conditions under which the medical termination of pregnancy is permitted?

(i) Detail out the procedure for obtaining licence for the manufacture of Schedule C drugs.

3. Answer the following question (Any two): (2 × 10 = 20)

(a) Write short note on:

(i) DTAB

(ii) Mudaliar Committee

(iii) National List of Essential Medicines

(iv) Chopra Committee

(b) Give an account of the code of Pharmaceutical Ethics to be practiced in the profession of Pharmacy.

(c) Differentiate between a Branded drug and a gentic drug. What are the salient feaures of the National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority? What is the purpose of controlling prices of Drug.