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Roll No. of candidate		BINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBITAR
	2022	BINA CHO (CIMT & mapara, Azerx Hatki mapara, Frywanas of as of T

4044

## D.Pharm. Part - II End-Term Examination

## PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY - II

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Time - Three hours

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Objective type (Answer all 20)

 $(20 \times 1 = 20)$ 

(MCQ/Fill in the Blanks/One word OR one sentence questions)

Choose the correct one out of the four options (answer all) I. .

 $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ 

- Sulphonamides prevent the synthesis of folic acid in bacteria by inhibition of which enzyme?
  - Dihydropteroate Synthetase
- (b) Urease

Both (c)

- (d) None
- Which isomer of Ethambutol hydrochloride is more potent against mycobacterium?
  - Levoisomer (a)

- Dextroisomer (b)
- Racemic mixture
- All are active (d)
- (iii) Chemical name of Dapsone which is widely used antileprotic drug-
  - Bis-(4-aminophenyl)-sulphone (a)
  - Bis-(2-aminophenyl)-sulphone (b)
  - Bis-(3-aminophenyl)-sulphone (c)
  - (d) None of the above
- (iv) Chalmoogra oil is used for the treatment of-
  - Tuberculosis (a)

(b) Malaria

Amoebiasis (c)

(d) Leprosy

	(v)	Primaquine belongs to the class of-						
		(a)	4-Aminoquinolones	(b)	8-Aminoquinolones			
		(c)	Biguanides	(d)	Cinchona alkaloids			
	(vi)	Which of the following is a direct acting cholinergic agonist?						
		(a)	Edrophonium	(b)	Physostigmine			
		(c)	Carbachol	(d)	Echothiophate			
	(vii)	Beta	-1 receptors are dominant on	organ of human body?				
		(a)	Heart	(b)	Adipose tissue			
		(c)	Lungs	(d)	Uterus			
	(viii)	ii) is used as an antidote for cholinesterase inhibitors/anticholinesterases						
			Prazosin	(b)	Propanolol			
		(a) (c)	Pralidoxime	(d)	Pyrazinamide			
	(ix)	10000000	CHECKSON STATE OF THE STATE OF	3 %	ant drug possesses a cyclopropane			
	(12)	moie	ety in their structure?					
		(a)	Phenelizine	(b)	Tranylcypromine			
		(c)	Both	(d)	None			
	(x)	Which of the following drug/drugs possess a catechol ring moiety in their structure?						
		(a)	Dopamine	(b)	Adrenaline			
		(c)	Isoprenaline	(d)	All of the above			
8	(xi)	Natural source of indigo carmine is						
		(a)	Azadirachta indica	(b)	Terminalia chebula			
		(c)	Indigofera tinctoria Linn	(d)	Mangifera indica			
	(xii)	2nd generation oral antidiabetic drug — Glibenclamide belonging to which class of category?						
		(a)	α-glucosidase inhibitor	(b)	DPP-4 inhibitor			
		(c)	Incretin antagonists	(d)	Sulfonylureas			
1/4-400		Fure	osemide contains —	— mo	iety.			
	(XIII)	(a)	Furan	(b)	Thiophene			
		(c)	Pyrole	(d)	None of the above			
	(XIV)		mple of macrolide antibiotics-	(b)	Neomycin			
		(a)	Roxithromycin	(d)	Griseofulvin			
		(c)	Rifampicin	(u)				
	(xv)		fibrate is used as-		******			
		(a)	Diuretic	(b)	Lipid lowering agent			
		(c)	Antibiotic	(d)	Vitamin			

- (a) What is the chemical name of the vitamin B2?
- (b) Name a diagnostic agent used for liver function test.
- (c) Name a tranquillizer drug containing phenothiazine ring.
- (d) Name a natural anticoagulant which is chemically a mucopolysaccharide.
- (e) A (+) sign in the beginning of IUPAC nomenclature of chemical compounds signifies that the compound is optically active and levorotatory, true or false?

## 2. Short Answer (Answer 10 out of 11)

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$ 

- (a) What is the difference between antiseptics and disinfectants? Give examples of both.
- (b) Classify anti-tubercular drugs. What is the major side effect of isoniazid and how can it be prevented?
- (c) What is the mechanism of action of sulphonamides? Draw the structure of sulphacetamide or dapsone.
- (d) Draw the basic steroidal nucleus with IUPAC numbering. Give properties and uses of testosterone.
- (e) Draw the structures of benzyl penicillin and phenoxy methyl penicillin. What is the mechanism of action of these two drugs?
- (f) Write short notes on local anaesthetics or antithyroid drugs.
- (g) What is the role of histamine in allergic reactions in our body? Classify antihistaminics.
- (h) Name the two barbiturates used as "General anaesthetics". Draw structure and write the chemical name of Phenobarbitone
- (i) Write short notes of catecholamines or anti-epileptic drugs.
- (j) Why are cholinergic agonists used for eye examination? Name two cholinergic agonists used for eye examination.
- (k) Name a natural drug used in the treatment of amoebiasis. Write a note on properties and uses of any one anti-amoebic drug.

3. Long Answer Questions (Answer 6 out of 7)

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- (a) What do you mean by NSAIDs? Classify them with examples of each class.

  Draw the structure of indomethacin.
- (b) Write a note on loop diuretics and thiazide diuretics. Give examples of each.
  Why is mannitol an osmotic diuretic?
- (c) Draw the structure of adrenaline and about its properties and IUPAC name.

  Why is adrenaline the 1st line drug for treatment of anaphylactic shock?
- (d) What do you mean by hypoglycaemic drugs? Classify them with examples in each class. Draw the structure of Phenformin with its IUPAC name.
- (e) Name an antifungal drug belonging to polyene class. Write the properties, storage conditions, uses and few available brand name of tolfanate and amphotericin.
- (f) Write in details about the classification of anti-neoplastic drugs with examples. Write the properties, uses and brand name of cisplatin.
- (g) Name two monoamine oxidase inhibitors used as anti-depressant drugs. Draw the structure of imipramine and write its IUPAC name. Write the important chemical and physical properties of Amitriptyline.

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