

Total No. of printed pages = 4

CE 1817PE11

Roll No. of candidate

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19/12/22 2021

B.Tech. 7th Semester End-Term Examination

CE

ADVANCED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS (Program Elective – I)

(New Regulation (w.e.f. 2017-18) &
New Syllabus (w.e.f. 2008-19))

Full Marks – 70

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any six from the rest.

1. Pick up the correct answer :

- (i) Pre-Processing in Computer Aided Structural Analysis comprises Input of (1)
- (a) Nodal Data and Member Data
 - (b) Material Data
 - (c) Geometry Data
 - (d) All of the above
- (ii) The Beam element in a 2D structural model will have (1)
- (a) 2-DOF
 - (b) 4-DOF
 - (c) 6-DOF
 - (d) None of the Above
- (iii) The Element Stiffness Matrix of an element representing the stiffness of the element is derived in (1)
- (a) Global Coordinate System(GCS)
 - (b) Local Coordinate System (LCS)
 - (c) Both of (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the Above

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(iv) The Rotation Matrix R , element stiffness Matrix k in LCS and element stiffness Matrix K in GCS are related as (1)

(a) $k = R K^{-1} R$

(b) $K = R^T k R$

(c) $k = R K R^T$

(d) $K = Rk R^T$

(v) The Rotational Stiffness at the near end (1st Node) of an element, while the far end (2nd Node) is fixed (1)

(a) $3EI/L$

(b) $6EI/L$

(c) $4EI/L$

(d) None of the above

(vi) Choose the correct statement. (1)

(a) The product of inertia of a cross section with 2 axes of symmetry is zero

(b) The product of inertia of a cross section with 1 axis of symmetry is zero

(c) Both (a) and (b) are correct

(d) Both (a) and (b) are wrong

(vii) A continuous beam ABC consists of two spans $AB=4$ meters and $BC=3$ meters. The end A is fixed and the end C is simply supported. If $I_{ab}: I_{bc} = 2:1$, then the distribution factor at B for BA and BC are (2)

(a) $3/5$ and $2/5$ respectively

(b) $2/5$ and $3/5$ respectively

(c) $1/3$ and $2/3$ respectively

(d) $2/3$ and $1/3$ respectively

(viii) The degree of static indeterminacy of the following figure 1 is (2)

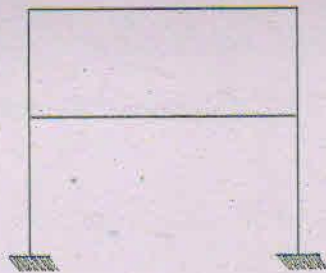


Figure 1

(a) 6

(b) 4

(c) 3

(d) 2

2. Using moment distribution method, analyze the portal frame shown in figure 2. The supports A and D are hinge support. All the members have same flexural rigidity. (10)

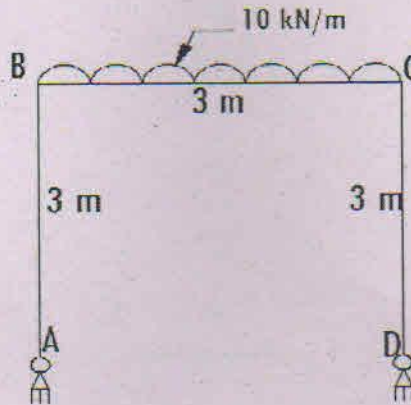


Figure 2

3. The figure 3 shows a continuous beam. The beam is uniform section throughout. Find the support moments using slope deflection method. (10)

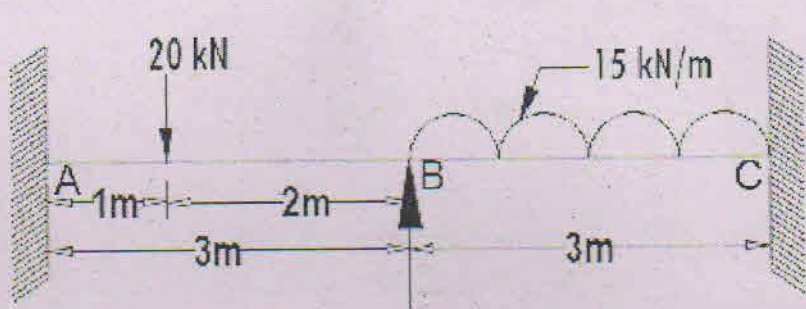


Figure 3

4. (a) Distinguish between Static and kinematic indeterminacy. (4)
 (b) Determine the product of inertia of the angle section $65 \times 65 \times 6$ mm about the centroidal axis of the section. (6)
5. The ROTATION MATRIX for a member in a structure transforms LOCAL displacement and forces to GLOBAL displacement and forces respectively - Explain. Show that the ROTATION MATRIX for a horizontal member in a structure is a unit matrix. (10)
6. The beam element in a structure is made of Concrete Grade M25, the Width \times Depth = 300 mm \times 500 mm; the Span of the beam element is 5.0 meter. Evaluate the Element Stiffness Matrix of the ELEMENT. (10)

7. Find the downward displacement of joint B in the truss shown in figure 4 by virtual work method. Area of cross section of each member is 400 mm^2 . Take $E=200\text{kN/mm}^2$; $AB = BC = 3 \text{ meter}$ & $BD= 4 \text{ meter}$. (10)

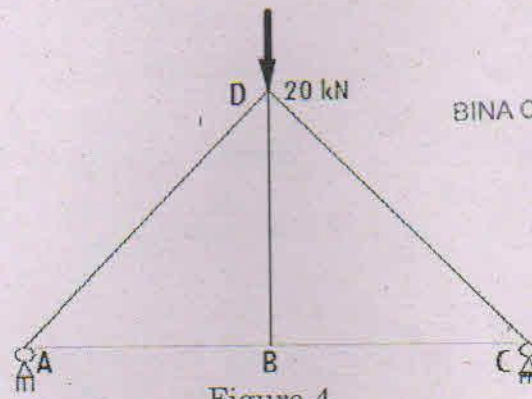


Figure 4

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8. Locate the shear centre of the following section shown in figure 5. (All dimensions of the figure below are in mm) (10)

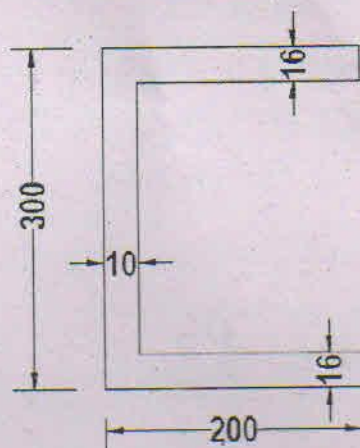


Figure 5

9. Establish the LOAD VECTOR in the structure for Matrix Analysis, having 4(Four) Nodes and 3 Elements as shown in the figure 6. (10)

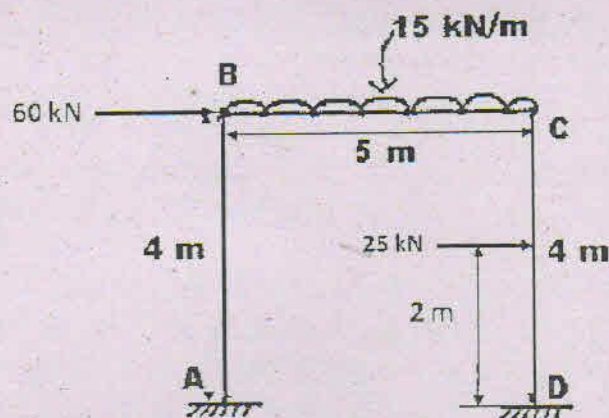


Figure 6