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**BBA 181302**

Roll No. of candidate

BINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBRARY  
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**2019**

**B.B.A. 3rd Semester End-Term Examination**

**FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

**(New Regulation)**

Full Marks – 70

Time – Three hours

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any *four* from the rest.

1. Answer the following : (Fill up the blanks)

(10 × 1 = 10)

- (i) The basic objective of the finance function is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) Owners' contribution to a firm is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- (iii) \_\_\_\_\_ is often considered to be a hybrid security since it has many features of both ordinary shares and debentures.
- (iv) \_\_\_\_\_ ratios measure the firm's ability to meet current obligations.
- (v) \_\_\_\_\_ determines the number of years required to recover initial investment outlay.
- (vi) Convertible debentures can be converted into \_\_\_\_\_ after a specific time period as per the laid down terms and conditions of the fund raiser's offer document.

[Turn over

- (vii) Interest paid on \_\_\_\_\_ capital is a tax deductible expense.
- (viii) The discount rate that makes NPV equal to zero is termed as \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ix) An issue of \_\_\_\_\_ is the distribution of shares free of cost to the existing shareholders.
- (x) In periods of prosperity, companies pay extra dividend and this is termed as \_\_\_\_\_.
2. (a) Briefly explain the four finance decisions of organisations. (8)
- (b) Discuss the sources of long-term funds for business organisations. (7)
3. (a) Why do individuals have time preference for money? (5)
- (b) You make a fixed deposit of Rs, 1000 in Best Bank for five years. The annual interest rate is 12 per cent. How much total amount will you receive if the interest is compounded
- (i) annually and
- (ii) half-yearly? (5)
- (c) Consider that an investor has an opportunity to receiving Rs.1,000, Rs.2,000, Rs.800, Rs.5,000 and Rs.1,000 respectively at the end of each year over a period of 5 years. If the investor's rate of return is 10 per cent per annum, Calculate the present value of this stream of cash flows. (5)
4. (a) How does the use of ratios help in financial analysis? (3)
- (b) Using the following data, complete the Balance Sheet given below (12)

|  |              |
|--|--------------|
| Gross Profit                               | Rs. 54,000   |
| Shareholders' equity                       | Rs. 6,00,000 |
| Gross profit margin                        | 20%          |
| Credit sales to total sales                | 80%          |
| Total assets turnover                      | 0.3 times    |
| Inventory turnover                         | 4 times      |
| Average collection period (a 360-day year) | 20 days      |
| Current ratio                              | 1.8          |
| Long-term debt to equity                   | 40%          |

Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2019

| Owners' equity and<br>Liabilities | Amount<br>(in Rs) | Assets         | Amount<br>(in Rs) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Shareholders' equity              | _____             | Fixed Assets   | _____             |
| Long-term debt                    | _____             | Current Assets | _____             |
| Creditors                         | _____             | • Inventory    | _____             |
|                                   |                   | • Debtors      | _____             |
|                                   |                   | • Cash         | _____             |
| Total                             | _____             | Total          | _____             |

5. (a) A company decides to sell a new issue of 7 years 15 per cent bonds of Rs.1,000 face value at par. Calculate the post tax cost of debt if the applicable tax rate for the company is 50 per cent. (5)
- (b) A company has equity beta of 1.45. The risk-free rate is 9 per cent and the market risk premium is 10 per cent. Determine the cost of the company's equity. (5)

- (c) Pioneer Company Ltd. intends to set up a new factory with an equal mix of debt and equity to finance a new project. If the cost of debt is 15 per cent, the cost of equity is 18 per cent and the applicable tax rate is 50 per cent, calculate the overall cost of capital of the Company. (5)
6. (a) What do you mean by working capital? Discuss the determinants of working capital requirement of an organisation. (2+6=8)
- (b) What do you mean by stock split? Why is it used? How does it differ from a bonus share? (3+2+2=7)
7. Company XYZ has received three project proposals namely — X, Y and Z.

The cash flows associated with these three projects are as follows

| Year | Net Cash Flow |         |         |
|------|---------------|---------|---------|
|      | X             | Y       | Z       |
| 0    | (2,000)       | (2,000) | (2,000) |
| 1    | 1,500         | 500     | 600     |
| 2    | 600           | 1,200   | 600     |
| 3    | 500           | 1,000   | 1,800   |

The Cost of Capital for the XYZ is 10 per cent. Calculate

- (a) NPV,  
 (b) IRR,  
 (c) Profitability Index and  
 (d) Payback period of the three projects and rank the projects on the basis of the above mention criteria. (15)