Total No. of printed pages = 3 EE 1818 PE 73 23/6/21 Roll No. of candidate (GMT & GIPS) Azara, Hatkhowapara, Guwahati -781017 2022 B.Tech. 8th Semester End-Term Examination POWER SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION New Regulation (w.e.f 2017-18) & New Syllabus (w.e.f. 2018-19) Time - Three hours Full Marks - 70 The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any four from the rest.

(i) The deflection of het wive instruments depends or

Answer the following (MCQ/ Fill in the blanks):

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- (i) The deflection of hot wire instruments depends on
 - (a) Instantaneous value of alternating current
 - (b) Average value of current
 - (c) r.m.s value of alternating current
 - (d) none of the above
- (ii) Creeping is the phenomenon that occurs in
 - (a) Voltmeter
- (b) Energy meter
- (c) Watt meter
- (d) Ammeter
- (iii) The internal resistance of the ammeter should ideally be
 - (a) Zero

1.

- (b) Very large
- (c) Very small
- (d) Infinite
- (iv) The unit of deflection sensitivity of a CRO is
 - (a) metre/volt
- (b) mm/volt
- (c) mm/m-volt
- (d) m/m-volt

(v)	C.T.	and P.T. are used for ———.
	(a)	measuring low current and voltages
	(b)	measuring very low current and voltages
	(c)	measuring high currents and voltages
	(d)	measuring intermediate currents and voltages
(vi)	Tele	emetry allows data flown in ———.
	(a)	Single direction "
	(b)	Both direction Depend on design
	(c)	
	(d)	None of the mentioned
(vii	(vii) Boiler is an important unit of	
	(a)	Nuclear power plant
	(b)	Hydroelectric plant
	(c)	Coal fired thermal power plant
	(d)	Diesel power plant
(viii) $VI\sin \varphi$ is called		
	(a)	Active power (b) Reactive power
	(c)	DC power (d) AC power
(ix)) 'Sh	rinking and Swelling' phenomena is observed in
	(a)	Turbine (b) Generator
	(c)	Cooling tower (d) Boiler drum
(x)	Which of the following represents telemetry?	
	(a)	Fetching data from inaccessible point
	(b)	Fetching data from accessible point
	(c)	Communication over telephone
	(d)	None of the mentioned

- (a) Explain the working of Moving Iron Voltmeter. Show that this type of instrument can be used for both ac. and d.c. measurement. (8 + 2 = 10)
 (b) A moving coil instrument has a 1.5 cm wide and 1.2 cm long. The flux density in the air gap is 1.8 × 10⁻³ wb/m². The spring constant is 1.4 × 10⁻⁷ N-m/radian. Determine the number of turns required to produce an angular deflection of 90° when a current of 5 mA flows through the coil. (5)
 3. (a) Draw the block diagram of a digital frequency meter and briefly explain its operation. (7)
 - (b) Explain the measurement of high voltage using the different types of potential divider circuit. (8)
- 4. (a) How is the water level in a boiler drum measured? What is 'shrinking' and 'swelling' in boiler drum. How does it affect the measurement of boiler drum level? (7)
 - (b) Briefly explain the measurement of

(i) smoke density

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(4+4=8)

(ii) dust particles.

- 5. (a) Draw the basic block diagram and waveform for a digital storage oscilloscope (DSO) for sampling a waveform and storing the information. Explain the operation using the block diagram. (10)
 - (b) Write a short note on Phasor measurement unit (PMU). (5)
- 6. (a) What is Telemetry? Explain briefly the different components of a telemetry system and mention the advantages of telemetry system. (2 + 4 + 2 = 8)
 - (b) What is PLCC? Distinguish between a three line and two line electrical type transmitter. What type of variable does it transmit? (2 + 3 + 2 = 7)
- 7. (a) What is SCADA? Distinguish between DCS and SCADA. (3 + 4 = 7)
 - (b) Using Block diagram, discuss about the SCADA system used in a typical power system. (8)