Total No. of printed pages = 4

ER 20-12T

Bina Chowdhury Central Library Girijananda Chowdhury University Hatkhowapara, Azara, Ghy-17

Roll No. of candidate		7.				
			 100			1

## 2023

## D.Pharm. 1st Year (Regular) End-Term Examination PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

Full	Mar	ks – 8	30	Time – Three hours
		Th	e figures in the margin indicate full marks for the qu	estions.
1.	Ans	wer a	tll the following.	$(20 \times 1 = 20)$
	(a)	Fill	in the blanks:	
		(i)	The gas that stains mercuric chloride paper yellow Arsenic is———	in the limit test for
		(ii)	Argentometric titrations utilise — as titr	ant.
		(iii)	Imipramine hydrochloride is used as an	
		(iv)	Largactil is the popular brand name of an antipsych	notic called ———
		(v)	Antimalarial drug Quinidine acts by the mechanism	n of —
		(vi)	Solutions of sulphacetamide are used locally in	n infections of the
		(vii)	is the cis isomer of platinum (II) comp	lex.
		(viii)	) Ketoconazole belongs to — Class of drugs	5.
		(ix)	1,1 Dimethyl biguanide is the chemical name of —	
		(x)	A solution of accurately known concentration is solution.	called —

[Turn over

- (b) Answer the following questions (one word):
  - (i) Write the chemical formula for nitrous oxide.
  - (ii) Name a gastro-intestinal adsorbent.
  - (iii) Name one alpha-adrenergic blocker having vasodilator effect.
  - (iv) Which sedative has the popular brand name of Calmpose/Valium?
  - (v) Write one example of a clinically useful narcotic antagonist.
- (c) Multiple choice Questions:
  - (i) α -adrenergic antagonist drug
    - (1) Tamosulosin
    - (2) Bethanicol
    - (3) Tolteradine
    - (4) Trospium
  - (ii) The first edition of IP got published in
    - (1) 1956
    - (2) 1955
    - (3) 1965
    - (4) 1985
  - (iii) Which of the following anticonvulsant is a sodium channel blocker?
    - (1) Clonazepam
    - (2) Gabapentine
    - (3) Carbamazepine
    - (4) Vigabetrine
  - (iv) Essential structural unit for the antihelmintic activity of mebendazole is?
    - (1) Imidazole
    - (2) Benzimidazole
    - (3) Benzoyl group
    - (4) Methyl carbonates
  - (v) Albucid is a brand name for
    - (1) Sulphacetamide
    - (2) Sulphadimidine
    - (3) Suiphadiazine
    - (4) Sulphaphenazol

2. Answer any ten of the following:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$ 

- (a) Describe the principle with chemical reactions involved in the limit test for chloride.
- (b) Write formulation and brand name of propofol.
- (c) Write chemical name (IUPAC) and chemical structure of Metformin and Glibenclamide.
- (d) Write about the mechanism of the following antitubercular drugs:
  - (i) Ethambutol

(ii) Rifampicin

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- (e) Write preparation of oral iron with examples.
- (f) Classify antidepressant agents with proper example of drugs in each group.
- (g) Write about the insulin preparations.
- (h) Classify antibiotics with proper examples for each group.
- (i) Mention the color of medicinal gases cylinder with their uses:
  - (i) oxygen
  - (ii) nitrous oxide
  - (iii) carbon dioxide.
- (j) What is DOTS therapy?
- (k) Write briefly about the drugs acting on ANS.
- 3. Answer any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- (a) What are haematinics? Write the formulations, market preparations, storage conditions and uses of ferrous sulphate.
- (b) What is sedatives and hypnotics? Write the differences between sedatives and hypnotics. Write chemical (IUPAC) name and structure of Diazepam.
- (c) Write the chemical name (IUPAC) AND chemical structure of:
  - (i) Propranolol
  - (ii) Captopril.
- (d) What do you mean by antiviral agents? Write storage, formulation and brand name of any three antiviral agents.

- (e) What do you mean by anti-neoplastic agents? Classify anti-neoplastic agents with example.
- (f) Briefly describe the uses, storage &stability, formulations and brand names of Procainamide hydrochloride, lidocaine, sotalol.
- (g) Explain the below agents with proper example:
  - (i) Dentifrices
  - (ii) Polishing agents
  - (iii) Anticaries agents
  - (iv) Desensitizing agents
  - (v) Abrasive