MPC 203T

Roll No. of candidate					

2023

M.Pharm. 2nd Semester End-Term Examination COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN

Full Marks - 75

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer all questions:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- (a) Differentiate between rigid docking and flexible docking.
- (b) What are the challenges stand up during De-novo design?
- (c) What is the meaning of serendipitious drug discovery:
- (d) Mention any two applications of Hansch analysis.
- (e) What do you mean by pharmacophore mapping?
- (f) What is the importance of log P during new drug discovery?
- (g) Mention any two software by which drug likeness can be determined.
- (h) Differentiate between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation.
- (i) What is the main difference between structure based drug design and ligand based drug design?
- (j) Discuss in brief the importance of quantum mechanics in drug design.
- 2. Long answers (Answer two out of three):

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- (a) What is Docking? Explain different types of docking and their applications.
- (b) Explain Hansch analysis and Free Wilson analysis with their advantages and disadvantages.
- (c) Elaborate De Novo Drug designing giving emphasis on various approaches involved.

Turn over

3. Short answers (Answer seven out of nine):

 $(7 \times 5 = 35)$

- (a) Write a note on Homology modelling.
- (b) Explain methods for determination of energy minimization.
- (c) Discuss various databases used in drug discovery process.
- (d) Discuss the importance of prediction and analysis of ADME properties in drug design.
- (e) Discuss Lipinskis rule of five.
- (f) Explain various parameters of molecular mechanics.
- (g) Explain the role of pharmacophore.
- (h) Discuss Hammett's substituent constant and Taft's steric constant.
- (i) Discuss comparative molecular field analysis (CoMFA).