CSE	181	40	1
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30/6/123

Roll No. of candidate

BINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBRARY (GIMT & GIPS) Azara, Hatkhowapara

2023

Guwahati - 781017

## B.Tech. 4th Semester End-Term Examination

## DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

New Regulation (w.e.f. 2017-18) and

New Syllabus (w.e.f. 2018-19)

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer Question No. 1 and any four from the rest.

Choose the appropriate answer: 1.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

- Which of the following statement is not true regarding two sets A and B
  - $A-B\subset A$

(b)  $A - \emptyset = A$ 

- (c)  $(A-B)\cup A=A$
- (d)  $A-(A\cap B)=A\cap B$
- (ii) The relation '<' on the set of all integers is
  - (a) Reflexive

(b) Symmetric

Transitive

- (d) None of these
- (iii)  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by f(x) = 2x + 3 is a bijective mapping
  - (a) Yes

- (b) No
- (iv) Which one of the following is not countable?
  - (a) The set of integers
  - (b) The interval [a, a]
  - (c) The set of natural numbers
  - (d) The interval [a, b] where a and b are distinct real numbers
- The number of generators of the cyclic group G = (1, -1, i, -i) with respect to multiplication is
  - (a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) none

(vi)	vi) In the group $(G, *)$ the value of $(a^{-1} b)^{-1}$ is					
	(a)	$ab^{-1}$	(b)	$a^{-1}b$		
	(c)	$b^{-1}a$	(d)	none of these		
(vii)	If $A$ and $B$ are two subrings of a ring $C$ then					
	(a)	$A \cup B$ is a subring	(b)	C-A is a subring		
	(c)	$C-A\cap B$ is a subring	(d)	A   BBINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBRARY		
(viii) The proposition $\neg (p \land q)$ is equivalent to  (GIMT & GIPS)  Azara, Hatkhowapara  Guwahati $\neg 781017$						
	(a)	$p \lor q$	(b)	$\neg p \land \neg q)$		
	(c)	$\neg p \lor \neg q)$	(d)	None of the above		
(ix)	Three persons entered into a railway compartment. If there are 5 vacant seat, in how many ways can they take these seats?					
	(a)	60	(b)	20		
	(c)	15	(d)	None of these		
(x)	Suppose that a person deposits Rs.10,000 in a saving account at a bank yielding 11% interest per year compounded annually. How much amount will the person have in the account after n years?					
	(a)	$a_n = 0.11 \ a_{n-1}$	(b)	$a_n = 1.11 \ a_{n-1}$		
	(c)	$a_n = 11.1 \ a_{n-1}$	(d)	$a_n = 1.10 \ a_{n-1}$		
(a)	Prove that for any three sets $A, B, C$ (3+3=6)					
	(i) $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$					
	(ii) $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$ .					
(b)	(i) Let $R$ and $S$ are two relations from $A$ to $B$ then show that $(3+3=$					
		$(R \cap S)^{-1} = R^{-1} \cap S^{-1}$				
	(ii) Let $\mathbb{Z}$ be the set of integers and a relation $R$ is defined in $\mathbb{Z}$ as					
	$R = \{(x, y) : x \equiv y \pmod{m}, m \text{ is positive integer}\}$ . Prove that $R$ is an equivalence relation.					
(c)	Let $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ , $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ are defined by $f(x) = 3x + 4$ , $g(x) = x^2 - 2$ . Find the formulae which defines $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f \circ g$ .					

2.

- 3. (a) Apply Principle of Mathematical Induction to prove that  $1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots + n(n+1) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{3}.$  (5)
  - (b) Among the first 1000 positive integers determine (3+3=6)
    - (i) the number of integers which are not divisible by 5, nor by 7, nor by 9.
    - (ii) the number of integers divisible by 5, but not by 7, not by 9.
  - (c) State Pigeonhole principle and apply the same to prove that at least two people out of 13 people assembled in a room must have their birthdays in the same month. (1+3=4)
- 4. (a) Prove that the statement  $(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\neg q \rightarrow \neg q)$  is a tautology. (5)
  - (b) Find equivalent formula for  $p \land (q \leftrightarrow r)$  which contains neither conditional nor biconditional. Also find its dual. (4+1=5)
  - (c) Obtain principal disjunctive normal form of GINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBRARY (5)  $(\neg p \lor \neg q) \rightarrow (\neg p \land r)$ .

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- 5. (a) What is a monoid? Give an example of a semigroup which is not a monoid. (1+2=3)
  - (b) Show that  $G = Q \{1\}$  where Q is the set of rational numbers forms a group under the operation \* defined by a \* b = a + b ab,  $a, b \in G$ . (4)
  - (c) Prove that intersection of two subgroup is a subgroup. Also give an example to show that union of two subgroup may not be a subgroup. (4+1=5)
  - (d) If  $f: G \to G'$  is a homomorphism then prove that f(e) = e', where e and e' are identity element of G and G'.
- 6. (a) Prove that order of each subgroup of a finite group is a divisor of the order of the group. (5)
  - (b) Write all the postulates of the algebraic structure Ring. Also prove that in a ring  $(R, +, \circ)$ . (4+2=6)
    - (i)  $a \circ 0 = 0 \circ a = 0$  for all a in R
    - (ii)  $(-a) \circ (b) = a \circ (-b) = -(a \circ b)$
  - (c) Let R and R' are two rings and  $f: R \to R'$  is a homomorphism. Then show that Kerf is an ideal of R.

7. (a) Let the set of all factors of 70,  $D_{70} = \{1, 2, 5, 7, 10, 14, 35, 70\}$  is Boolean Algebra with respect to operations  $\vee$ ,  $\wedge$ , defined by  $a \vee b = LCM$  of

 $a, b; \land b = HCF \text{ of } a, b; a' = \frac{70}{a}.$  (4)

(b) Discuss the validity of the following arguments: (6)

All educated person are well behaved.

Ram is educated.

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No well behaved person is quarrelsome. Therefore, Ram is not quarrelsome.

(c) Show that every field is an integral domain. Show by an example that converse is not true. (4+1=5)