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ECE 181601

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BINA CHOWDHURY CENTRAL LIBRARY
(GIMT & GIPS)
Azara, Hatkhowapara
Guwahati - 781017

2023

B.Tech. 6th Semester End-Term Examination

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

New Regulation (W.e.f. 2017 - 18) & New Syllabus (W.e.f. 2018 - 19)

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any *four* from the rest.

1. Answer the following : (10 × 1 = 10)

(i) The DFT of $x(n)$, i.e. $X(k)$ is defined as $X(k) =$

(a) $X(\omega)|_{\omega = \frac{2\pi k}{N}}$

(b) $X(\omega)|_{\omega = \frac{2\pi n}{N}}$

(c) $X(\omega)|_{\omega = 2\pi k}$

(d) $X(\omega)|_{\omega = 2\pi n}$

(ii) The transfer function of an IIR system is _____.

(iii) The systems that process data at more than one sampling rate are called _____ system.

(iv) Down sampling by a factor of D skips.

(a) D samples

(b) $D - 1$ samples

(c) no samples

(d) $D/2$ samples

(v) In impulse invariant transformation, the right half poles of s -plane are mapped into the _____ of unit circle in z -plane.

(a) exterior

(b) interior

(c) both exterior and interior

(d) none of the above

[Turn over

- (vi) Which of the following rule is used in the bilinear transformation?
 (a) Simpson's rule (b) Backward difference
 (c) Forward difference (d) Trapezoidal rule
- (vii) FIR systems are implemented using _____ structures.
 (a) non-recursive
 (b) recursive
 (c) both recursive and non-recursive
 (d) none of the above
- (viii) Initial value theorem states that for a causal signal $x(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (ix) The circular convolution of two sequences, each of length N yield a sequence of length _____.
- (x) The total number of complex multiplications required to computed N -point DFT by radix-2 FFT is _____.

2. (a) Check whether the system is causal or non-causal (2)
 $y(n) = x(n) + x(n-2)$
- (b) Check whether the system is linear or non-linear (3)
 $y(n) = 2x(n) + 4$
- (c) Compute the linear convolution of two sequences : (6)

$$x(n) = \begin{cases} 2, n = -2, 0, 1 \\ 3, n = -1 \\ 0, \text{ elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

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$$h(n) = \delta(n) - 2\delta(n-1) + 3\delta(n-2) - \delta(n-3)$$

- (d) Perform deconvolution using Z -transform if the impulse response $h(n) = \{2, 1, 0, -1, 3\}$ and the output $y(n) = \{2, -5, 1, 1, 6, -11, 6\}$. (4)

3. (a) Obtain the direct form II realization of the LTI system governed by the equation (5)

$$y(n) = -\frac{13}{12}y(n-1) - \frac{9}{24}y(n-2) - \frac{1}{24}y(n-3) + x(n) + 4x(n-1) + 3x(n-2)$$

- (b) Realize the system with minimum number of multipliers. (3)

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3}z^{-1} + \frac{2}{3}z^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-3}$$

- (c) Determine whether the discrete-time signal is periodic or non. If period, determine the fundamental period. (2)

$$\cos\left(\frac{n}{6}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{6}\right)$$

- (d) Perform convolution of the following sequences by overlap add method (5)

$$x(n) = \{4, 4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1\} \text{ and } h(n) = \{-1, 1\}$$

4. (a) State and prove the time reversal of the sequence property of DFT. (6)
(b) If IDFT $\{X(k)\} = n(n) = (2, 1, 2, 0)$, using properties of DFT (name the property in each question), find : (9)

(i) IDFT $\{X(m-1)\}$

(ii) IDFT $\{X(k) \oplus X(k)\}$

(iii) IDFT $\{X(k) X(k)\}$

(iv) Signal energy.

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5. (a) Design a band-stop FIR filter to reject frequencies in the range 1 to 2 rad/sec using rectangular window with $N = 7$. (10)
(b) Find the circular convolution of the following sequences. (5)

$x_1(n) = \{1, -1, 1, -1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.

6. (a) Determine the DFT of two real sequences using only one FFT flow graph. (10)

$x_1(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$ perform FFT only one.

- (b) Discuss parametric and non-parametric methods of power spectrum estimation. (5)

7. (a) Explain the errors that arises due to finite length registers in digital filters. (6)

- (b) Explain the mapping of poles in impulse invariant method of IIR digital filter. (5)

- (c) Find the Z-transform and ROC of the sequence $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right)u(n)$. (4)