Enrolment Number					

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## Monsoon, 2023

## **PG Semester Examinations**

## **International Economics**

**Course Code: MEM23504T** 

Full Marks – 50 Time – 2 hours

The figure in the margin indicates full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct option:

[10x1=10]

- i) The Stolper-Samuelson Theorem postulates that the imposition of tariff by a nation causes the real income of the nation's
  - a) Both the abundant factors to rise
  - b) Abundant factors to rise
  - c) Scarce factor to fall
  - d) Scarce factor to rise
- ii) The Foreign Direct Investment includes
  - a) Intellectual Properties
  - b) Human resources
  - c) Tangible goods
  - d) Intangible goods
- iii) Which of the following is better?
  - a) Tied aid
  - b) Untied aid
  - c) Both
  - d) None
- iv) According to Heckscher-Ohlin theorem, what type of goods, a capital abundant country should export?
  - a) Capital-intensive goods

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- b) Labour-intensive goods c) Both d) Any type of economic good v) What is the primary purpose of hedging in the context of exchange rates? a) To maximize speculative gains b) To minimize the risk of adverse currency movements c) To influence central bank policies d) Both a) and b) vi) A speculator expecting a currency to depreciate would likely: a) Buy the currency b) Sell the currency c) Hold onto the currency d) None of the above
- vii) What is economic integration?
  - a) The process of reducing economic cooperation among countries.
    - b) The process of increasing economic cooperation among countries.
    - c) The process of isolating national economies from global markets.
    - d) The process of standardizing national economic policies.
- viii) World Trade Organization (WTO) is a successor of
  - a) GATT
  - b) World Bank
  - c) IMF
  - d) None
- ix) Balance of payment is the record of ......with other countries.
  - a) Export
  - b) Import
  - c) Both export and Import
  - d) None
- x) The advantages of free trade are
  - a) Eliminating tariffs and other non-tariff barriers to provide FTA partners easier market access.
  - b) Promoting foreign investment by partner countries by relaxing investor restrictions and regulations.
  - c) Providing for simplified and clear dispute resolution methods.
  - d) All of the above.

Illustrate.

2. Answer any 2 out of 4 questions: (Max word limit 150)

i) Explain elaborately the assumptions of Heckscher-Ohlin theorem.	
ii) Write a brief note on the different stages of the product cycle theory.	
iii) How does a customs union differ from other forms of economic integration, and wl	nat are the
key features of a customs union?	
iv) Is Balance of Payment always in balance? State the reasons behind disequilibrium is	in BOP.
3. Answer any 3 out of 5 questions: (Max word limit 300)	[3x10=30]
i) Discuss the relationship between relative prices of output and relative factor rewards	postulated by
the Stolper-Samuelson theorem.	10
ii) What is FDI? Give an example of FDI in India. Discuss the role of FDI in a growing	economy.
	2+2+6=10
iii) Define and provide examples of trade creation and trade diversion. How do these co	ncepts relate
to the overall efficiency of an economic integration arrangement?	5+5=10
iv) Explain about the concept of free trade and protection. State some arguments for	
Protection.	4+6=10

v) What are the different forms of protection that a country can adopt in its commercial policy?

[2x5=10]

10