

Total No. of printed pages = 4

BP 811ET

2715124

Roll No. of candidate

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2024

B.Pharm. 8th Semester End-Term Examination

ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES (THEORY)

(New Regulation w.e.f. 2017-18)

Full Marks – 75

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

GROUP – A

1. Answer the following (MCQ) : (20 × 1 = 20)
- (i) The relationship between minimum wavelength of X-radiation generated from a target metal and applied voltage is given by
- (a) Bragg's equation (b) Moseley equation
(c) Illkovik equation (d) Duane-Hunt equation
- (ii) Mass spectrophotometer separate the ions on the basis of which of the following?
- (a) Mass to charge ratio (b) Mass
(c) Atomic weight (d) Molecular formula
- (iii) Reference materials which are commonly employed as internal standard in NMR is
- (a) TMS (b) TBS
(c) MTS (d) CDS
- (iv) Solid phase extraction is used for _____ of analyte
- (a) concentrating and purifying
(b) filtering
(c) separation
(d) none of all

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- (v) Chemical Shift is measured in term of
- (a) Alpha value (b) Beta value
(c) Gamma value (d) Delta value
- (vi) The highest m/z peak in the mass spectrum is called as
- (a) Parent peak (b) Isotopic peak
(c) Fragment peak (d) Base peak
- (vii) ICR guideline used for analytical method validation is
- (a) Q2 (b) Q7
(c) Q8 (d) Q10
- (viii) A peak corresponding to the ion of maximum abundance is called the _____
- (a) Base peak (b) Metastable peak
(c) Ionic peak (d) All of none
- (ix) In thermogravimetry graph is plotted between
- (a) Mass vs temp or time
(b) Mass vs potential
(c) Mass vs volt
(d) Mass vs current
- (x) For analytical purpose, x-ray range from _____ to _____
- (a) 0.5 to 2.0 \AA° (b) 0.6 to 2.0 \AA°
(c) 0.7 to 2.0 \AA° (d) 0.8 to 2.0 \AA°
- (xi) In UTA, plot is created between
- (a) ΔT vs Temperature (b) Time vs Temperature
(c) Energy vs time (d) ΔT vs Time
- (xii) Which of the following cannot be utilized as an adsorbent in column adsorption chromatography
- (a) Magnesium oxide
(b) Silica gel
(c) Activated alumina
(d) Potassium permanganate
- (xiii) The volatile oil is analyzed by
- (a) HPLC (b) GC
(c) TGA (d) DSC

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(xiv) Theoretical plates are used to

- (a) Estimate the efficiency of a column
- (b) Determine the thickness of the stationary phase
- (c) Measure the distribution of the analyte between mobile and stationary phases
- (d) None of the above

(xv) There are many studies required to validate an analytical method. Which of the studies below is not required for method validation

- (a) method specificity
- (b) linearity
- (c) range
- (d) calibration
- (e) limit of detection

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(xvi) The number of signals in an nmr spectrum tells the number of the _____ in a molecule

- (a) sets of protons
- (b) sets of equal protons
- (c) sets of equivalent protons
- (d) sets of electrons

(xvii) Paper chromatography is used for the

- (a) Separation
- (b) Partition
- (c) Retention
- (d) Identification

(xviii) Parent ion peak give information about

- (a) Molecular weight
- (b) Equivalent weight
- (c) Atomic weight
- (d) Atomic structure

(xix) Diffraction is also called as _____

- (a) Reflection
- (b) scattering
- (c) Refraction
- (d) none of all

(xx) What is the delta value of TMS in NMR?

- (a) 0
- (b) 10
- (c) 5
- (d) 7

GROUP - B

(Short Answer questions)

2. Answer any *seven* questions. (7 × 5 = 35)

- (a) Write the Principles and applications NMR.
- (b) Explain the Electron impact Ionization techniques in mass spectroscopy.
- (c) Define validation. Enlist the different parameters used in method validation.
- (d) Write a note on calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer.
- (e) Write the application of Hyphenated techniques in pharmaceutical industry.
- (f) Discuss the principle of X-ray crystallography and its application.
- (g) Write a short note on radio-immune assay (RIA).
- (h) Write General principle and procedure involved in the solid phase extraction.
- (i) Write about process and application of TGA.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer questions)

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3. Answer any *two* of the following : (2 × 10 = 20)

- (a) Write the principle and instrumentation and application of Mass spectrophotometer.
- (b) Define Calibration. Discuss the calibration of High performance liquid chromatography.
- (c) Explain the following :
 - (i) Metastable ion.
 - (ii) Mc Lafferty rearrangement.
 - (iii) Chemical shift.